

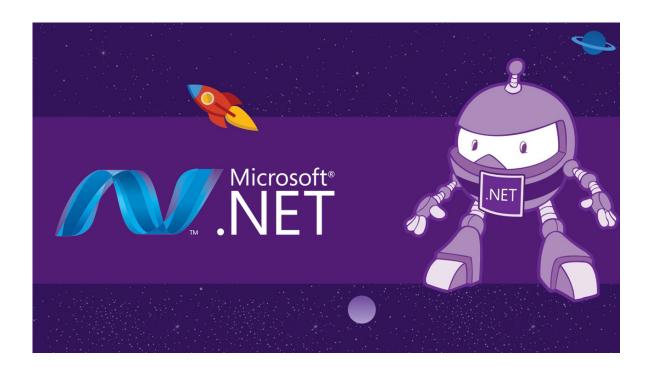
Document Generated: 07/27/2024 Learning Style: Virtual Classroom

Provider: Microsoft

Difficulty: Intermediate

Course Duration: 4 Days

Developing Secure .Net Web Applications (TT8320-N)



About this course:

The training course of secure .Net Web Application Development is a hands-on, labintensive .Net security course, important for experienced enterprise designers who need to maintain, engineer, and bolster secure .Net- supported web applications.

Understudies completely examine best practices for protectively coding web applications in this course, including rich interfaces, XML processing, and both SOAP and RESTful based web services. Understudies will more than once assault and afterward shield different resources related to fully-functional web services and

web applications. This approach drives home the mechanics of the way to protect the applications of .Net web in the most functional of terms.

The specialists of security admitted that the least successful way to deal with security is "penetrate and patch". It is progressively successful to "bake" security into an application all through its lifecycle. In the wake of spending noteworthy time trying to shield a worst planned (from a security point of view) web application, developers are prepared to figure out the way to construct secure web applications starting at task inception. The final segment of this course expands on the previously learned mechanics for building barriers by exploring the method to analyze and design can be utilized to make solid applications from the earliest starting point of the software lifecycle.

The normal pay of a .Net Web Developer is \$92,294 every year.

Course Objective:

- Comprehend potential sources for untrusted information.
- To test web applications with different strategies of assault to determine the presence of and adequacy of layered defenses
- Comprehend the consequences for not appropriately handling untrusted information, for example, the cross-site scripting, denial of service, and injections.
- Check and shield the numerous potential vulnerabilities related to untrusted information
- To identify, assault, and apply safeguards for authorization and authentication services and functionality.
- Comprehend the vulnerabilities related to authorization and authentication.
- Comprehend the threats and mechanisms behind Cross-Site Scripting (XSS) and Injection assaults
- To detect, assault, and apply safeguards against Injection and XSS assaults.
- Comprehend the utilization of Threat Modeling as a device in identifying software vulnerabilities based on practical dangers against meaningful resources.
- Comprehend the terminology and concepts behind secure, defensive, and coding
- Perform both dynamic application testing and static code reviews to uncover vulnerabilities in .Net-based web applications
- Design and develop strong, robust authentication and authorization implementations within the context of .Net
- Understand the fundamentals of XML Digital Signature and XML Encryption as well as how they are used within the web services arena
- To detect, attack, and implement defenses for both RESTful and SOAPbased web services and functionality
- Understand techniques and measures that can be used to harden web and application servers as well as other components in your infrastructure
- Develop and design solid, robust authorization and authentication executions within the context of .Net.
- To distinguish, assault, and execute safeguards for both SOAP and

RESTful based web functionality and services.

- Comprehend the essentials of XML Encryption and XML Digital Signature and also how they are utilized within the arena of web services.
- Recognize strategies and measures that can be utilized to solidify web and application servers and also different segments in your infrastructure.

Audience:

This course is an intermediate - level .Net secure programming course, intended for designers who want to find a workable pace on developing very much protected software applications.

Prerequisite:

Awareness of C# is required and certifiable programming experience is enthusiastically suggested. In a perfect world, understudies ought to have around a half year to a time of .Net development practical experience.

Course Outline:

Module 1: Foundation

Lesson: Who is Safe?

- Assumptions We Make
- Security: The Complete Picture
- Anthem, Sony, Target, Heartland, and TJX Debriefs
- Verizon's 2017 Data Breach Report
- Attack Patterns and Recommendations
- Tutorial: Working with Visual Studio
- Exercise: Case Study Setup and Review

Lesson: Security Concepts

- Motivations: Costs and Standards
- Open Web Application Security project
- Web Application Security Consortium
- CERT Secure Coding Standards
- Microsoft SDL
- · Assets and Trust Boundaries
- Threat Modeling

• Exercise: Case Study Asset Analysis

Lesson: Principles of Information Security

- Security Is a Lifecycle Issue
- Minimize Attack Surface Area
- Layers of Defense: Tenacious D
- Compartmentalize
- Consider All Application States
- Do NOT Trust the Untrusted

Module 2: Vulnerabilities (Part 1)

Lesson: Unvalidated Input

- Buffer Overflows
- Integer Arithmetic Vulnerabilities
- Unvalidated Input: From the Web
- Defending Trust Boundaries
- Whitelisting vs Blacklisting
- Exercise: Defending Trust Boundaries
- Exercise: Defending Trust Boundaries With Regular Expressions

Lesson: Broken Access Control

- Access Control Issues
- Excessive Privileges
- Insufficient Flow Control
- Unprotected URL/Resource Access
- Examples of Shabby Access Control
- Sessions and Session Management

Lesson: Broken Authentication

- Broken Quality/DoS
- Authentication Data
- Username/Password Protection
- Exploits Magnify Importance
- Handling Passwords on Server Side
- Single Sign-on (SSO)
- Exercise: Defending Authentication

Lesson: Cross Site Scripting (XSS)

XSS Patterns

- Persistent XSS
- Reflective XSS
- Best Practices for Untrusted Data
- Exercise: Defending Against XSS

Lesson: Injection

- Injection Flaws
- SQL Injection Attacks Evolve
- Drill Down on Stored Procedures
- Other Forms of Injection
- Minimizing Injection Flaws
- Exercise: Defending Against SQL Injection

Module 3: Vulnerabilities (Part 2)

Lesson: Error Handling and Information Leakage

- Fingerprinting a Web Site
- Error-Handling Issues
- Logging In Support of Forensics
- Solving DLP Challenges
- Exercise: Error Handling

Lesson: Insecure Data Handling

- Protecting Data Can Mitigate Impact
- In-Memory Data Handling
- Secure Pipes
- Failures in TLS/SSL Framework
- Exercise: Defending Sensitive Data

Lesson: Insecure Configuration Management

- System Hardening: IA Mitigation
- Application Whitelisting
- Least Privileges
- Anti-Exploitation
- Secure Baseline

Lesson: Direct Object Access

- Remote File Inclusion
- Redirects and Forwards
- Direct Object References
- Exercise: Unsafe Direct Object References

Lesson: Spoofing, CSRF, and Redirects

- Name Resolution Vulnerabilities
- Fake Certs and Mobile Apps
- Targeted Spoofing Attacks
- Cross Site Request Forgeries (CSRF)
- CSRF Defenses
- Exercise: Cross-Site Request Forgeries

Module 4: Best Practices

Lesson: .NET Issues and Best Practices

- Manage Code and Buffer Overflows
- .Net Permissions
- ActiveX Controls
- Proper Exception Handling

Lesson: Understanding What's Important

- Common Vulnerabilities and Exposures
- OWASP 2017 Top Ten
- CWE/SANS Top 25 Most Dangerous SW Errors
- Monster Mitigations
- Strength Training: Project Teams/Developers
- Strength Training: IT Organizations
- Exercise: Recent Incidents

Module 5: Defending XML, Services, and Rich Interfaces

Lesson: Defending XML

- XML Signature
- XML Encryption
- XML Attacks: Structure
- XML Attacks: Injection
- Safe XML Processing
- Exercise: Safe XML Processing

Lesson: Defending Web Services

- Web Service Security Exposures
- When Transport-Level Alone is NOT Enough
- Message-Level Security
- WS-Security Roadmap
- Web Service Attacks
- Web Service Appliance/Gateways
- Exercise: Web Service Attacks

Lesson: Defending Rich Interfaces and REST

- How Attackers See Rich Interfaces
- Attack Surface Changes When Moving to Rich Interfaces and REST
- Bridging and its Potential Problems
- Three Basic Tenets for Safe Rich Interfaces
- OWASP REST Security Recommendations

Module 6: Cryptography

Lesson: Cryptography Overview

- Strong Encryption
- Message Digests
- Encryption/Decryption
- · Keys and Key Management
- NIST Recommendations

Lesson: .NET Cryptographic Services

- The role of cryptographic services
- · Hash algorithms and hash codes
- Encrypting data symmetrically
- Encrypting data asymmetrically
- Exercise: .Net Hashing (Optional)
- Exercise: .Net Symmetric Encryption
- Exercise: .Net Asymmetric Encryption (Optional)

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