

**Document Generated:** 07/27/2024

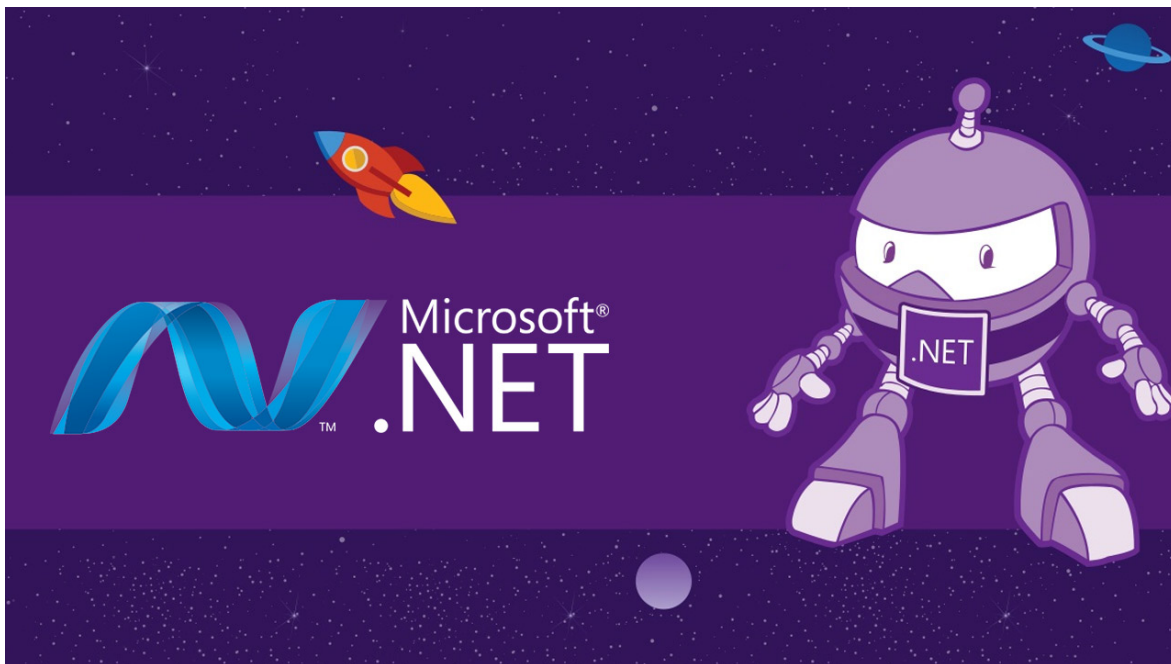
**Learning Style:** Virtual Classroom

**Provider:** Microsoft

**Difficulty:** Intermediate

**Course Duration:** 5 Days

## Developing Secure .Net Web Applications - Lifecycle (SDLC) (TT8325-N)



### About this course:

The training course of secure .Net Web Application Development is a hands-on, lab-intensive .Net security course, important for experienced enterprise designers who need to maintain, engineer, and bolster secure .Net- supported web applications. Furthermore, teaching basic skills of secure programming, this course dives deep into sound practices and processes that execute the whole lifecycle of software development.

The specialists of security admitted that the least successful way to deal with

security is "penetrate and patch". It is progressively successful to "bake" security into an application all through its lifecycle. In the wake of spending noteworthy time trying to shield a worst planned (from a security point of view) web application, developers are prepared to figure out the way to construct secure web applications starting at task inception. The final segment of this course expands on the previously learned mechanics for building barriers by exploring the method to analyze and design can be utilized to make solid applications from the earliest starting point of the software lifecycle.

Understudies completely examine best practices for protectively coding web applications in this course, including rich interfaces, XML processing, and both SOAP and RESTful based web services. Understudies will more than once assault and afterward shield different resources related to fully-functional web services and web applications. This approach drives home the mechanics of the way to protect the applications of .Net web in the most functional of terms.

The normal pay of a .Net software / programmer Developer is \$65,791 every year.

### **Course Objective:**

- Comprehend potential sources for untrusted information.
- Comprehend the consequences for not appropriately handling untrusted information, for example, the cross-site scripting, denial of service, and injections.
- Check and shield the numerous potential vulnerabilities related to untrusted information.
- To test web applications with different strategies of assault to determine the presence of and adequacy of layered defenses.
- Comprehend the vulnerabilities related to authorization and authentication.
- To identify, assault, and apply safeguards for authorization and authentication services and functionality.
- Comprehend the terminology and concepts behind secure, defensive, and coding
- Perform both dynamic application testing and static code reviews to uncover vulnerabilities in .Net-based web applications
- To detect, assault, and apply safeguards against Injection and XSS assaults.
- Comprehend the threats and mechanisms behind Cross-Site Scripting (XSS) and Injection assaults
- Comprehend the utilization of Threat Modeling as a device in identifying software vulnerabilities based on practical dangers against meaningful resources.
- Recognize strategies and measures that can be utilized to solidify web and application servers and also different segments in your infrastructure.
- To detect, attack, and implement defenses for both RESTful and SOAP-based web services and functionality
- Understand techniques and measures that can be used to harden web and application servers as well as other components in your infrastructure
- Design and develop strong, robust authentication and authorization implementations within the context of .Net

- Understand the fundamentals of XML Digital Signature and XML Encryption as well as how they are used within the web services arena
- Comprehend the essentials of XML Encryption and XML Digital Signature and also how they are utilized within the arena of web services.
- Develop and design solid, robust authorization and authentication executions within the context of .Net.
- To distinguish, assault, and execute safeguards for both SOAP and RESTful based web functionality and services.
- Comprehend and apply the measures and processes associated with the Secure Software Development (SSD)
- Acquire the tools, skills, and best practices for code and design reviews and also testing initiatives
- Understand the fundamentals of security planning and testing
- Function with a comprehensive plan of testing for recognized weaknesses and vulnerabilities.

## **Audience:**

This course is an intermediate - level .Net secure programming course, intended for developers who like to find a good pace on developing much-protected software applications.

## **Prerequisite:**

Awareness of C# is necessary and supportable programming experience is suggested. Ideally, understudies ought to have around a half year to a time of .Net development practical experience.

## **Course Outline:**

### **Module 1: Foundation**

#### **Lesson: Who is Safe?**

- Assumptions We Make
- Security: The Complete Picture
- Anthem, Sony, Target, Heartland, and TJX Debriefs
- Verizon's 2017 Data Breach Report
- Attack Patterns and Recommendations
- Tutorial: Working with Visual Studio
- Exercise: Case Study Setup and Review

#### **Lesson: Security Concepts**

- Motivations: Costs and Standards
- Open Web Application Security Project
- Web Application Security Consortium
- CERT Secure Coding Standards

- Microsoft SDL
- Assets and Trust Boundaries
- Threat Modeling
- Exercise: Case Study Asset Analysis

## **Lesson: Principles of Information Security**

- Security Is a Lifecycle Issue
- Minimize Attack Surface Area
- Layers of Defense: Tenacious D
- Compartmentalize
- Consider All Application States
- Do NOT Trust the Untrusted

## **Module 2: Vulnerabilities (Part 1)**

### **Lesson: Unvalidated Input**

- Buffer Overflows
- Integer Arithmetic Vulnerabilities
- Unvalidated Input: From the Web
- Defending Trust Boundaries
- Whitelisting vs Blacklisting
- Exercise: Defending Trust Boundaries
- Exercise: Defending Trust Boundaries With Regular Expressions

### **Lesson: Broken Access Control**

- Access Control Issues
- Excessive Privileges
- Insufficient Flow Control
- Unprotected URL/Resource Access
- Examples of Shabby Access Control
- Sessions and Session Management

### **Lesson: Broken Authentication**

- Broken Quality/DoS
- Authentication Data
- Username/Password Protection
- Exploits Magnify Importance
- Handling Passwords on Server Side
- Single Sign-on (SSO)
- Exercise: Defending Authentication

### **Lesson: Cross Site Scripting (XSS)**

- XSS Patterns
- Persistent XSS

- Reflective XSS
- Best Practices for Untrusted Data
- Exercise: Defending Against XSS

## **Lesson: Injection**

- Injection Flaws
- SQL Injection Attacks Evolve
- Drill Down on Stored Procedures
- Other Forms of Injection
- Minimizing Injection Flaws
- Exercise: Defending Against SQL Injection

## **Module 3: Vulnerabilities (Part 2)**

### **Lesson: Error Handling and Information Leakage**

- Fingerprinting a Web Site
- Error-Handling Issues
- Logging In Support of Forensics
- Solving DLP Challenges
- Exercise: Error Handling

### **Lesson: Insecure Data Handling**

- Protecting Data Can Mitigate Impact
- In-Memory Data Handling
- Secure Pipes
- Failures in TLS/SSL Framework
- Exercise: Defending Sensitive Data

### **Lesson: Insecure Configuration Management**

- System Hardening: IA Mitigation
- Application Whitelisting
- Least Privileges
- Anti-Exploitation
- Secure Baseline

### **Lesson: Direct Object Access**

- Remote File Inclusion
- Redirects and Forwards
- Direct Object References
- Exercise: Unsafe Direct Object References

### **Lesson: Spoofing, CSRF, and Redirects**

- Name Resolution Vulnerabilities

- Fake Certs and Mobile Apps
- Targeted Spoofing Attacks
- Cross Site Request Forgeries (CSRF)
- CSRF Defenses
- Exercise: Cross-Site Request Forgeries

## **Module 4: Best Practices**

### **Lesson: .NET Issues and Best Practices**

- Manage Code and Buffer Overflows
- .Net Permissions
- ActiveX Controls
- Proper Exception Handling

### **Lesson: Understanding What's Important**

- Common Vulnerabilities and Exposures
- OWASP 2017 Top Ten
- CWE/SANS Top 25 Most Dangerous SW Errors
- Monster Mitigations
- Strength Training: Project Teams/Developers
- Strength Training: IT Organizations
- Exercise: Recent Incidents

## **Module 5: Defending XML, Services, and Rich Interfaces**

### **Lesson: Defending XML**

- XML Signature
- XML Encryption
- XML Attacks: Structure
- XML Attacks: Injection
- Safe XML Processing
- Exercise: Safe XML Processing

### **Lesson: Defending Web Services**

- Web Service Security Exposures
- When Transport-Level Alone is NOT Enough
- Message-Level Security
- WS-Security Roadmap
- Web Service Attacks
- Web Service Appliance/Gateways
- Exercise: Web Service Attacks

### **Lesson: Defending Rich Interfaces and REST**

- How Attackers See Rich Interfaces
- Attack Surface Changes When Moving to Rich Interfaces and REST
- Bridging and its Potential Problems
- Three Basic Tenets for Safe Rich Interfaces
- OWASP REST Security Recommendations
- OAuth 2.0 and OpenID

## **Module 6: Cryptography**

### **Lesson: Cryptography Overview**

- Strong Encryption
- Message Digests
- Encryption/Decryption
- Keys and Key Management
- NIST Recommendations

### **Lesson: .NET Cryptographic Services**

- The role of cryptographic services
- Hash algorithms and hash codes
- Encrypting data symmetrically
- Encrypting data asymmetrically
- Exercise: .Net Hashing (Optional)
- Exercise: .Net Symmetric Encryption
- Exercise: .Net Asymmetric Encryption (Optional)

## **Module 7: Secure Development Lifecycle (SDL)**

### **Lesson: SDL Process Overview**

- Types of Security Controls
- Phases of Typical Data-Oriented Attack
- Phases: Offensive Actions and Defensive Controls
- Security Lifecycle Activities

### **Lesson: Applying Processes and Practices**

- Threat Modeling Process
- Modeling Assets and Trust Boundaries
- Modeling Data Flows
- Exercise: Threat Modeling

### **Lesson: Risk Analysis**

- Identifying Threats
- Relating Threats to Model
- Mitigating Threats

- Reviewing the Application

## Module 8: Security Testing

### Lesson: Testing Tools and Processes

- Security Testing Principles
- Dynamic Analyzers
- Static Code Analyzers
- Criteria for Selecting Static Analyzers

### Lesson: Testing Practices

- OWASP Web App Penetration Testing
- Authentication Testing
- Session Management Testing
- Data Validation Testing
- Denial of Service Testing
- Web Services Testing
- Ajax Testing

## Credly Badge:



### Display your Completion Badge And Get The Recognition You Deserve.

Add a completion and readiness badge to your LinkedIn profile, Facebook page, or Twitter account to validate your professional and technical expertise. With badges issued and validated by Credly, you can:

- Let anyone verify your completion and achievement by clicking on the badge
- Display your hard work and validate your expertise
- Display each badge's details about specific skills you developed.

Badges are issued by QuickStart and verified through Credly.

[Find Out More](#) or [See List Of Badges](#)