

Document Generated: 08/31/2024

Learning Style: Virtual Classroom

Provider:

Difficulty: Intermediate

Course Duration: 3 Days

Fast Track to Spring 4.3 (TT3328-S4)



About this course:

Spring 4.x Essentials is a three-day hands-on Spring training course geared for experienced Java developers who need to understand what the Spring Framework is in terms of today's systems and architectures, and how to use Spring in conjunction with other technologies and frameworks. Students will gain hands-on experience working with Spring, using Maven for project and dependency management, and, optionally, a test-driven approach (using JUnit) to the labs in the course.

The Spring framework is an application framework that provides a lightweight container that supports the creation of simple-to-complex components in a non-invasive fashion. Spring's flexibility and transparency is congruent and supportive of incremental development and testing. The framework's structure supports the layering of functionality such as persistence, transactions, view-oriented frameworks, and enterprise systems and capabilities.

This course targets Spring 4.x, which includes full support for Java 8 and JEE 7 (earlier versions of Java and JEE continue to be supported). Spring supports the use of lambda expressions and method references in many of its APIs.

Spring makes JEE development easier. Spring simplifies common tasks and encourages good design based on programming to interfaces. Spring makes your application easier to configure and reduces the need for many JEE design patterns. Spring puts the OO design back into your JEE application, and it integrates nicely with many view technologies and the new features of HTML5.

Note that our Spring training covers the entire spectrum and is highly modularized. As such, we can customize courses to your specific needs. The following is a high-level listing of Spring topics to consider in building your customized Spring training:

- Core Spring Framework (including Inversion of Control, Dependency Injection, and Aspect-Oriented Programming)
- Advanced Framework Features and Projects (including Spring Boot, Handling Application Events, and Spring Security)
- Spring and Persistence (including Spring DAOs, Transactions, and Spring Data)
- Spring and the Web (including Spring MVC and Web Flow supporting WebSockets, HTML5, and asynchronous processing)
- Integrating Spring into the Enterprise (including Spring Integration working with JMS and other remoting options)

The average salary of a Java Spring Developer is **\$117,087** per year.

Course Objective:

This course provides a solid understanding of what Spring brings to the table and how to use Spring in the context of other technologies and frameworks. Students are taken on an in-depth tour of the basic Spring framework, initially examining concepts such as Inversion of Control and Dependency Injection, and then working

with the container and basic components. They will examine the improved Spring 4.x configuration management options including XML, annotations, JavaConfig, and Spring Expression Language.

The course then moves into the areas of persistence and transactions, looking at various options. Students will then look at options for handling the view portion of an MVC web architecture.

Working in an engaging hands-on programming environment, students will learn to:

- Explain the issues associated with complex frameworks such as JEE and how Spring addresses those issues
- Understand the relationships between Spring and JEE, AOP, IOC, JDBC, Hibernate, JSF, Struts, JMS, and EJBs.
- Write applications that take advantage of the Spring container and the declarative nature of assembling simple components into applications.
- Understand how to configure the framework with XML, annotations and JavaConfig as well as explore the advantages of each option.
- Understand and work on integrating persistence into a Spring application.
- Explain Spring's support for transactions and caching
- Understand and work with various options for integrating view-oriented frameworks for web applications into Spring.
- Work with Spring Boot to facilitate Spring setup and configuration

Audience:

This an intermediate- level Spring 4.x training course, designed for Java developers who need to understand how and when to use Spring in Java and JEE applications.

Prerequisite:

Attendees should have practical basic Java development experience.

Course Outline:

Module 1: Introduction to Spring

Lesson: The Spring Framework

- Understand the value of Spring
- Explore Dependency Injection (DI) and Inversion of Control (IoC)
- Configuring collaborators
- Understand built-in property editors
- Tutorial: Setup Eclipse Oxygen for Using Maven

Lesson: Configuring Spring

- Discover the Spring Container
- Introduce the various ways to configure the Spring context
- Initialize the Spring container
- Accessing beans in the Spring container
- Configure beans using XML
- Resolving bean dependencies using XML
- Exercise: Create a Simple Spring program using XML configuration

Lesson: Advanced Configuration

- Use Spring's special factory beans
- Re-use bean definitions in the configuration file using the "parent" bean concept
- Use property placeholders in the configuration file
- Create custom property editors
- Become familiar with container post-processors
- Exercise: Configuring Dependencies
- Exercise: Advanced XML Configuration

Lesson: Annotation based configuration

- Introduce Spring annotation for defining dependencies
- The @Autowired annotation
- Stereotyping Annotations
- Enabling and filtering the component scan
- Qualifying injection points
- Lifecycle annotations
- The @Value annotation
- Exercise: Create a Simple Spring program using annotations

Lesson: Java-based Configuration

- Introduce Java-based configuration
- The @Configuration and @Bean annotations
- Define bean dependencies
- Define bean scopes
- Bootstrapping Java Config context
- Injection in Configuration classes
- Exercise: Create a Simple Spring program using JavaConfig

Lesson: More Java-based configuration

- Registering BeanFactoryPostProcessorT
- he Environment API
- Using context Profiles
- Conditionally loading beans and configurations
- Using properties in Java based configuration
- The DependsOn and Lazy annotations
- Exercise: Java Based Configuration
- Exercise: Using Profiles

Module 2: Persistence in Spring

Lesson: Overview: Persistence in Spring

- DAO Implementation
- Transaction Support
- Spring Support for JCache
- Spring Data: JPA to NoSQL

Lesson: Spring JDBC

- JdbcDaoSupport - JDBC DAO Implementation
- The jdbcTemplate
- Exception Handling
- Operation Classes
- Exercise: Using Spring JDBC

Module 3: Spring and the Web

Lesson: MVC Overview

- The DispatcherServlet
- Workflow of Request Handling
- Using Handler Mappings
- ModelAndView and View
- Controllers
- Spring Form Tags
- Exercise: Using Spring MVC

Module 4: Advanced Topics

Lesson: Introduction to Aspect Oriented Programming

- Aspect Oriented Programming
- Cross Cutting Concerns

Lesson: Spring AOP

- Spring's AOP in a Nutshell
- The Three Technologies of "Weaving"
- Spring Advice Types
- Exercise: Spring AOP - Combined Advice

Module 5: Spring Boot Overview?

Lesson: Overview of Spring Boot

- Setup a project using Spring Boot
- 'Setup' a simple DataSource
- Use the Java Persistence API to persist entity state
- 'Define' the dependencies
- The Spring initializr
- Configuration by Exception

Credly Badge:



Display your Completion Badge And Get The Recognition You Deserve.

Add a completion and readiness badge to your LinkedIn profile, Facebook page, or Twitter account to validate your professional and technical expertise. With badges issued and validated by Credly, you can:

- Let anyone verify your completion and achievement by clicking on the badge
- Display your hard work and validate your expertise
- Display each badge's details about specific skills you developed.

Badges are issued by QuickStart and verified through Credly.

[Find Out More](#) or [See List Of Badges](#)